# Exploring the Torah's Chronological Integrity - class # 8 For One Evening or for Seven Days How often must we eat Matza?

Source sheet for TIM shiur by Menachem Leibtag/

#### Introduction

In numerous sources in the Torah, we find a commandment to eat matza for SEVEN days; yet in Chazal and in psak Halacha, most everyone are in agreement that we are only obligated to eat matza the first night! And even the source of this obligation is a source of debate, is it based on the obligation to eat Matza with the Pesach, or is it the core obligation to mark the beginning of chag ha'Matzot?

In today's class, we will try to understand why Chazal understand that NOT eating (owning/ seeing) CHAMETZ for seven days -is way more important than actually eating matza during those same days.

I. Review: The original commandment(s) to eat Matza With the zevach Pesach - Shmot 12:8

<mark>ת וְאָכְלוּ אֶת-הַבָּשְׁר, בַּלַּיְלָה הַזֶּה: צְלִי-אֵשׁ</mark> וּמַצות, עַל-מִררִים יאכִלְהוּ.

**8** And they shall eat the flesh in that night, roast with fire, and unleavened bread; with bitter herbs they shall eat it.

Pesach for future generations: Shmot 12:

ָכֹד וּשְׁמַרְתֶּם, אֶת-הַדָּבָר הַזֶּה, לְ**חָק-לְדְּ וּלְבָנֶידְּ, עַד-עוֹלָם**. **24** And ye shall observe this thing for an ordinance to thee and to thy sons for ever.

**כה וְהָיָה כִּי-תָבֹאוּ אֶל-הָאָרֶץ**, אֲשֶׁר יִתֵּן יְהנָה לָכֶם--כַּאֲשֶׁר דִּבֵּר<mark>; וּשְׁמַרְתֶּם, אֶת-הָעֲבֹדָה הַזּאֹת</mark>. 25 And it shall come to pass, when ye be come to the land which the LORD will give you, according as He hath promised, that ye shall keep this service.

כו וְהָיָה, כִּי-יאמְרוּ אֲלֵיכֶם בְּנֵיכֶם: מַה הָעֵבדָה הַזּאת, לֵכֶם. **26** And it shall come to pass, when your children shall say unto you: What mean ye by this service?

כז וַאֲמֵרְתֶּם זֶבַח-פֶּסֵח הוּא לֵיהוָה, אֲשֶׁר פָּסֵח עַל-בָּתֵּי בְנֵי-יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּמִצְרַיִם, בְּנָגְפּוֹ אֶת-מִצְרַיִם, וְאֶת-בָּתֵּינוּ הִצִּיל; וַיִּקֹד הָעָם, וַיִּשְׁתַּחֵווּ. 27 that ye shall say: It is the sacrifice of the LORD'S passover, for that He passed over the houses of the children of Israel in Egypt, when He smote the Egyptians, and delivered our houses.' And the people bowed the head and worshipped.

כח וַיֵּלְכוּ וַיַּעֲשׂוּ, בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל: כַּאֲשֶׁר צִוָּה יְהוָה אֶת-מֹשֵׁה וָאַהֵרוּ, כֵּן עָשׂוּ. {ס}

28 And the children of Israel went and did so; as the LORD had commanded Moses and Aaron, so did they. {S}

PSUKIM	TOPIC
LOUNIM	IOIIC

- **12:1-20** Hashem commands Moshe to tell Yisrael the LAWS of:
  - a. Korban Pesach in Egypt (12:3-13)
  - b. A celebration for future generations (12:14) unclear which one!
  - c. The laws of eating matza (& no chametz) for seven days (12:15-20)
- **12:21-28** Moshe relays these laws to Bnei Yisrael,

but only the LAWS of:

- a. Korban Pesach in Egypt (12:21-23)
- b. Korban Pesach for future generations (12:24-28)

NOT the Laws of chag ha'Matzot

- 12:29-36 The STORY of the Tenth Plague and the Exodus [How the Egyptians rushed Bnei Yisrael out of Egypt.]
- **12:37-42** The STORY of traveling from Egypt, baking matza, and concluding remarks regarding the '400+30 years'...
- **12:43-50** Eternal LAWS re: offering Korban Pesach for future generations [This section is titled -"**zot chukat** ha-Pesach".]
- 12:51 A short summary pasuk THIS DAY !!
- 13:1-10 A section re: Laws for Future Generations- given AFTER Exodus 13:1-2 -God commands Moshe re: 'kedushat bechor'. [laws of the first born]
  - **13:3-10** Moshe tells Bnei Yisrael the laws of: eating matza for seven days ["chag ha'matzot"] not eating (or owning) chametz for 7 days
- **13:11-16** Moshe tells Yisrael the LAWS of the 'first born'.

Let's return now to show how 12:43-49 BELONGS after 12:3-13 i.e. this section was given BEFORE we left Egypt

ENTER before 12:14, or with 12:14 !!! [i.e. here must insert a parshia recorded later!] Show in Tanach:

### Shmot 12: 43-49 = Defining Pesach Dorot

מג וַיּאמֶר יְהוָה אֶל-מֹשֶׁה וְאַהֲרֹן, זֹאת חֻקַּת הַפָּסַח: כָּל-בֵּן-נֵכָר, לֹא-יִאכַל בּוֹ.

**43** And the LORD said unto Moses and Aaron: This is the ordinance of the passover: there shall no alien eat thereof;

מד וְכָל-עֶבֶד אִישׁ, מִקְנַת-כָּסֶף-וּמֵלְתָּה אתוֹ, אָז יאכַל בּוֹ. 44 but every man's servant that is bought for money, when thou hast circumcised him, then shall he eat thereof.

מה תושב ושכיר, לא-יאכל בּוֹ.

**45** A sojourner and a hired servant shall not eat thereof

מוֹ בְּבַיִת אֶחָד יֵאָכֵל, לא-תוֹצִיא מִן-הַבַּיִת מִן-הַבָּשָר חוּצָה ; וְעֶצֶם, לא תִשְׁבְּרוּ-בוֹ.

**46** In one house shall it be eaten; thou shalt not carry forth aught of the flesh abroad out of the house; neither shall ye break a bone thereof.

מז כָּל-עֲדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל, יַעֲשׂוּ אתוֹ.

47 All the congregation of Israel shall keep it.

מח וְכִי-יָגוּר אִתְּדְּ גֵּר, וְעָשָׁה פֶּסֵח לֵיהוָה--הִמּוֹל לוֹ כָל-זָכָר וְאָז יִקְרַב לַעֲשׁתוֹ, וְהָיָה כְּאֶזְרַח הַאַרֵץ; וְכַל-עָרָל, לֹא-יאכֵל בּוֹ.

**48** And when a stranger shall sojourn with thee, and will keep the passover to the LORD, let all his males be circumcised, and then let him come near and keep it; and he shall be as one that is born in the land; but no uncircumcised person shall eat thereof.

מט תּוֹרָה אַחַת, יִהְיֶה לָאֶזְרָח, וַלַּגֵּר, הַגַּר בָּתוֹכְכֶם.

**49** One law shall be to him that is homeborn, and unto the stranger that sojourneth among you.'

### ַנ וַיַּצְשׁוּ, כָּל-בְּנֵי יִשְּׂרָאֵל: כַּאֲשֶׁר צִּוָּה יְהוָה <mark>אֶת-משֶׁה וְאֶת-אַהֲרוֹ, כֵּן עֲשוּ.</mark> {ס}

**50** Thus did all the children of Israel; as the LORD commanded Moses and Aaron, so did they.  $\{S\}$ 

**נא וַיְהִי, בְּעֶצֶם הַיּוֹם הַיֶּה**: הוֹצִיא יְהוָה אֶת-בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל, מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרַיִם--עַל-צִבְאֹתָם. {פ} **51** And it came to pass the selfsame day that the LORD did bring the children of Israel out of the land of Egypt by their hosts.

### The next year - Bamidbar chapter 9

א וַיְדַבֵּר יְהוָה אֶל-מֹשֶׁה בְמִדְבַּר-סִינֵי בַּשְּׁנָה הַשֵּׁנִיתּ לְצֵאתָם מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרַיִם, בַּחֹדֶשׁ הָרְאשׁוֹן--לֵאמר.

1 And the LORD spoke unto Moses in the wilderness of Sinai, in the first month of the second year after they were come out of the land of Egypt, saying:

ב וְיַצְשׂוּ בְנֵי-יִשְׂרָאֵל אֶת-הַפָּסַח, בְּמוֹעֲדוֹ.

2 'Let the children of Israel keep the passover in its appointed season.

ג בְּאַרְבָּעָה עָשָׂר-יוֹם בַּחֹדֶשׁ הַזֶּה בֵּין הָעַרְבַּיִם, תַּעֲשׂוּ אתוֹ--בְּמעֲדוֹ , כְּכָל-חֻקּתָיו וּכְכָל-מִשְׁפָּטִיו, תַּעֲשׂוּ אתוֹ.

3 In the fourteenth day of this month, at dusk, ye shall keep it in its appointed season; according to all the statutes of it, and according to all the ordinances thereof, shall ye keep it.

.ד וַיְדַבֵּר מֹשֶׁה אֶל-בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל, לַעֲשֹׁת הַפְּסַח

**4** And Moses spoke unto the children of Israel, that they should keep the passover.

ַר יוֹם אָת-הַפֶּסַח בָּרְאשׁוֹן בְּאַרְבָּעָה עָשָׂר יוֹם 🙃 זַיִּעֲשׂוּ אֶת-הַפֶּסַח

**5** And they kept the passover in the first month, on the fourteenth day of the

לַחֹדֶשׁ, בֵּין הָעַרְבַּיִם--בְּמִדְבַּר סִינָי: כְּכֹל אֲשֶׁר צִּוְּה יִהוַה, אֵת-משֶׁה--כֵּן עַשׂוּ, בָּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל.

month, at dusk, in the wilderness of Sinai; according to all that the LORD commanded Moses, so did the children of Israel.

- ּ וַיְהִי אֲנָשִׁים, אֲשֶׁר הָיוּ טְמֵאִים לְנֶפֶשׁ אָדָם, וְלֹאֹ-יָכְלוּ לַעֲשׁת-הַפֶּּסַח, בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא; וַיִּקְרְבוּ לִפְנֵי מֹשֶׁה, וַלָפָנֵי אַהַרֹן--בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא.
- 6 But there were certain men, who were unclean by the dead body of a man, so that they could not keep the passover on that day; and they came before Moses and before Aaron on that day.
- ז וַיּאמְרוּ הָאֲנָשִׁים הָהֵפָּה, אֵלָיו, אֲנַחְנוּ טְמֵאִים, לְנֶפֶשׁ אָדָם; לָפָּה נִגְּרַע, לְבִלְתִּי הַקְרִיב אֶת-קַרְבַּן יְהוָה בִּמעַדוֹ, בִּתוֹדְ, בִּנִי יִשְׂרָאֵל.
- 7 And those men said unto him: 'We are unclean by the dead body of a man; wherefore are we to be kept back, so as not to bring the offering of the LORD in its appointed season among the children of Israel!'
- ת וַיּאמֶר אֲלֵהֶם, מֹשֶׁה: עִמְדוּ וְאֶשְׁמְעָה, מַה-יְצַוֶּהיהוה לכם. {פ}
- **8** And Moses said unto them: 'Stay ye, that I may hear what the LORD will command concerning you.' {P}
- ט וַיִדַבֵּר יִהוָה, אֱל-משה לֵאמר.
- **9** And the LORD spoke unto Moses, saying:
- י דַבֵּר אֶל-בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל, לֵאמר: אִישׁ אִישׁ כִּי-יִהְיֶה-טָמֵא לָנֶפֶשׁ אוֹ בְדֶרֶדְ רְחִקָּה לָכֶם, או לִדרתֵיכֶם<mark>, וִעֲשַׁהַ בְּסֵח, לֵיהוַה</mark>.
- 10 'Speak unto the children of Israel, saying: If any man of you or of your generations shall be unclean by reason of a dead body, or be in a journey afar off, yet he shall keep the passover unto the LORD;
- יא בַּחֹדֶשׁ הַשֵּׁנִי בְּאַרְבָּעָה עָשָּׂר יוֹם, <mark>בִּין</mark> הָעַרְבַּיִם--יַעֲשוּ אָתוּ: עַל-מַצּוֹת וּמְרֹרִים, יאֹכְלָהוּ. עַל-מַצּוֹת וּמְרֹרִים, יאֹכְלָהוּ.
- 11 in the second month on the fourteenth day at dusk they shall keep it; they shall eat it with unleavened bread and bitter herbs;
- יב לא-יַשְּאִירוּ מִמֶּנוּ עַד-בּקֶר, וְעֶצֶם לֹא יִשְׁבְּרוּ-בוֹ ; **כִּכָל-חָקַת הַפֵּסַח, יַעֲשוּ אתו**.
- 12 they shall leave none of it unto the morning, nor break a bone thereof; according to all the statute of the passover they shall keep it.
- יג וְהָאִישׁ אֲשֶׁר-הוּא טָהוֹר וּבְדֶּרֶךְ לֹא-הָיָה, וְחָדֵל לַעֲשׁוֹת הַפֶּּסֵח--וְנִ**כְּרְתָּה הַנָּפֶשׁ הַהִּוֹא,** מֵ**עַמֶּיהָ**: כִּי קָרְבַּן יְהוָה, לֹא הִקְרִיב בְּמֹעֲדוֹ--חטאוֹ ישׂא, האיש ההוּא.
- 13 But the man that is clean, and is not on a journey, and forbeareth to keep the passover, that soul shall be cut off from his people; because he brought not the offering of the LORD in its appointed season, that man shall bear his sin.
- יד וְכִי-יָגוּר אִתְּכֶם גֵּר, וְעָשָׁה פֶּסַח לַיהֹנָה--כְּחֻקַּת הַפֶּסַח וּכְמִשְׁפָּטוֹ, כֵּן יַעֲשֶׁה: חֻקָּה אַחַת יִהְיֶה לָכֶם, וְלַגֵּר וּלְאֶזְרַח הָאָרֶץ. {ס}
- **14** And if a stranger shall sojourn among you, and will keep the passover unto the LORD: according to the statute of the passover, and according to the ordinance thereof, so shall he do; ye shall have one statute, both for the stranger, and for him that is born in the land.

#### To summarize:

We find "pesach dorot" - for future generations, similar - yet different from "pesach mitzraim" - as in the future, anything relating to immediate danger of a Plague is no longer relevant - rather the memory of that event, and its covenantal importance, becomes central.

### II. The history of "chag ha'matzot" Shmot 12:14-20

Note Hashem is talking to Moshe - this commandment INSERTED:

When is was given to Moshe unclear -

What is clear, it was only given to the Nation AFTER the Exodus!

**יד** וְהָיָה **הַיּוֹם הַיֶּה** לֶכֶם לְזִכְּרוֹן, וְחַגֹּתֶם אֹתוֹ חַג לַיהוָה: לְדֹרתֵ*לֶּלְ*כֶם, חֻקַּת עוֹלֶם תְּחָגַּהוּ.

14 And this day shall be unto you for a memorial, and ye shall keep it a feast to the LORD; throughout your generations ye shall keep it a feast by an ordinance for ever.

**טו** שָׁבְעַת יָמִים, מַצִּוֹת תּאֹכֵלוּ /-אַדְ בַּיּוֹם הָרְאשׁוֹן,

תַשְׁבִּיתוֹ שְּאֹר מִבָּתֵּיבֶס

בִּי בָּל-אבֵל חָמֵץ, וְנִכְּרְתָּה הַנֶּפֶשׁ הַהוֹא מִיִּשְׂרָאֵל--

15 Seven days shall ye eat unleavened bread; howbeit the first day ye shall put away leaven out of your houses; for whosoever eateth leavened bread from the first day until the seventh day, that soul shall be cut off from Israel.

**טז וּבֵיּוֹם הָרָאשׁוּן**, מִקְרָא-קֹּדֶשׁ, **וּבֵיּוֹם הַשְּבִיעִי**, מִקְרָא-קדֶשׁ יִּוְיֵה לָכֶּם : כָּל-מְלָאכָה, לא-יֵעָשֶׁה בָהֶם--אַדְּ אֲשֶׁר יֵאָבֵל לְכָל-וָפֵשׁ, הוּא לִבַדּוֹ יֵעָשֵׂה לָכֵם. 16 And in the first day there shall be to you a holy convocation, and in the seventh day a holy convocation, no manner of work shall be done in them, save that which every man must eat, that only may be done by you.

יז וּשְׁמַרְתֶּם, אֶת-הַמַּצּוֹת, כִּי בְּעֶצֶם הַיּוֹם הְזֶּה, הוצאתי אֶת-צִבְאוֹתֵיכֶם מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם; וּשִׁמַרְתֵּם אֵת-הַיּוֹם הַזָּה, לִדרֹתֵיכֶם--חָקַת עוֹלָם.

17 And ye shall observe the feast of unleavened bread; for in this selfsame day have I brought your hosts out of the land of Egypt; therefore shall ye observe this day throughout your generations by an ordinance for eyer.

**יח <mark>בָּרָאשׁן</mark> בְּאַרְבָּעָה עָשָׂר יוֹם לַחֹדֶשׁ,** בַּעַרָב, תּא**ֹכְלוּ, מֵצֹּת**:

18 In the first month, on the fourteenth day of the month at even, ye shall eat unleavened bread, until the one and twentieth day of the month at even.

עַד יוֹם הָאֶחָד וְעֶשְׁרִים, לַחֹדֶשׁ--בָּעָרֶב.

יט שִּבְעַת יָמִים--שְּאר, לֹא יִמְצֵא בְּבָתֵּיכֶם: כִּי כָּל-אכֵל מַחְמֶצֶת, <mark>וְנִכְרְתָה הַנֶּפֶשׁ הַהִּוֹא</mark> מֵעֲדַת יִשִרָּאֵל--בַּגַּר, וּבְאֶזָרַח הַאֲרֵץ. 19 Seven days shall there be no leaven found in your houses; for whosoever eateth that which is leavened, that soul shall be cut off from the congregation of Israel, whether he be a sojourner, or one that is born in the land.

**כ כְּל-מַחְמֶּצֶת, לֹא תֹאכֵלוּ**; בְּכֹל, מוֹשְׁבֹתֵיכֶם, תֹּאכְלוּ, מַצוֹת. {פ} **20** Ye shall eat nothing leavened; in all your habitations shall ye eat unleavened bread. (**P**)

If his command was given AFTER the Exodus
Especially AFTER Shmot 12:51 - makes perfect sense!

To support this, let's read Shmot chapter 13, as a direct continuation of this commandment to Moshe to tell the People.

. בְיִדְבֵּר יְהוָה, אֶל-מֹשֶׁה לֵאמֹר And the LORD spoke unto Moses, saying:

ב קַדֶּשׁ-לִי כָּל-בְּכוֹר פֶּטֶר כָּל-רֶחֶם, בִּבְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל--בָּאָדָם, וּבַבְּהֵמָה: לִי, הוּא.

Note how this continues in verse 11

**2** 'Sanctify unto Me all the first-born, whatsoever openeth the womb among the children of Israel, both of man and of beast, it is Mine.'

ג וַיּאמֶר משֶׁה אֶל-הָעָם, <mark>זְכוֹר אֶת-הַיּוֹם</mark> <mark>הַזֶּה אֲשֶׁר יְצָאתֶם מִמְּצְרַיִם מִבֵּית עֲבָדִים</mark>, כִּי בְּחֹזֶק יָד, הוֹצִיא יְהוָה אֶתְכֶם מִזֶּה; ולא יאכל, חמץ.

**3** And Moses said unto the people: 'Remember this day, in which ye came out from Egypt, out of the house of bondage; for by strength of hand the LORD brought you out from this place; there shall no leavened bread be eaten.

ר הַיּוֹם, אַתֵּם יצִאִים, **בְּחֹדֵשׁ, הָאָבִיב**.

4 This day ye go forth in the month Abib.

הֹ וְהָיָה כִי-יְבִיאֲדּ יְהוָה אֶל-אֶרֶץ הַכְּנַעֲנִי וְהַחִתִּי וְהָאֱמֹרִי וְהַחִוּי וְהַיְבוּסִי, אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּע לַאֲבֹתֶידּ לָתֶת לָדְּ, **אֶרֶץ זָבַת חָלָב, וּדְבָשׁ**; וּעֵבַדְתַּ אֵת-הַעַבֹּדָה הַזּאת, בַּחֹדֵשׁ הַזָּה. וּעֵבַדְתַּ אֵת-הַעָבֹדָה הַזּאת, **5** And it shall be when the LORD shall bring thee into the land of the Canaanite, and the Hittite, and the Amorite, and the Hivite, and the Jebusite, which He swore unto thy fathers to give thee, a land flowing with milk and honey, that thou shalt keep this service in this month.

# ו שִׁבְעַת יָמִים, תּאכֵל מֵצת; וּבִיוֹם, הַשָּבִיעִי, חַג, לַיהוַה

**6** Seven days thou shalt eat unleavened bread, and in the seventh day shall be a feast to the LORD.

ז מַצוֹת, יֵאָכֵל, אֵת, שִׁבְעַת הַיָּמִים ; <mark>וְלֹא-יֵרָאֶה לְדָּ חְמֵץ,</mark> וְלֹא-יֵרָאֶה לְדָּ שְאר--בְּכָל-גְּבֻלֶּדְּ.

**7** Unleavened bread shall be eaten throughout the seven days; and there shall no leavened bread be seen with thee, neither shall there be leaven seen with thee, in all thy borders.

**ח וְהִגַּדְתָּ לְבִנְדּ,** בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא לֵאמר: בַּעֲבוּר זֵה, עֲשָה יִהוָה לִי, בִּצֵאתִי, מִמְּצְרַיִם. **8** And thou shalt tell thy son in that day, saying: It is because of that which the LORD did for me when I came forth out of Egypt.

**ט** וְהָיָה לְךּ לְאוֹת עַל-יָדְדּ, וּלְזִכָּרוֹן בֵּין עִינֶידּ, לְמַעַן תִּהְיֶה תּוֹרַת יְהוָה, בְּפִידּ : כִּי בִּיָד חַזָּקָה, הוֹצְאֵדְ יִהוָה מִמְּצְרַיִם. **9** And it shall be for a sign unto thee upon thy hand, and for a memorial between thine eyes, that the law of the LORD may be in thy mouth; for with a strong hand hath the LORD brought thee out of Egypt.

י <mark>וְשָׁמַרְתָּ אֶת-הַחֲקָה הַזֹּאת,</mark> לִמוֹעֵדָה, מִיָּמִים, יָמִימָה. {פ} **10** Thou shalt therefore keep this ordinance in its season from year to year.  $\{P\}$ 

יא וְהָנָה כִּי-יְבִאֲדּ יְהנָה, אֶל-אֶרֶץ הַכְּנַעֲנִי, כַּאֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּע לִדּ, וַלַאֲבֹתֵידְ; וּנְתַנַהּ, לַדְּ. 11 And it shall be when the LORD shall bring thee into the land of the Canaanite, as He swore unto thee and to thy fathers, and shall give it thee.

יב וְהַעֲבַרְתָּ כָל-פֶּטֶר-רֶחֶם, לֵיהוָה ; וְכָל-פֶּטֶר שֶׁגֶר בְּהֵמֶה, אֲשֶׁר יִהְיֶה לְדְּ הַזְּכָרִים--לֵיהוָה. 12 that thou shalt set apart unto the LORD all that openeth the womb; every firstling that is a male, which thou hast coming of a beast, shall be the LORD'S.

# III. From Historical to Agricultural - "shalosh r'galim" At Matan Torah - Parshat Mishpatim 23:13-19

ט וְגֵר, לֹא תִלְחָץ; <mark>וְאַתֶּם, יְדַעְתֶּם אֶת-נֶפֶשׁ</mark> <u>הַגֵּר--כִּי-גַרִים הַיִּית</u>ם, בָּאֵרֵץ מִצְרֵיִם.

**9** And a stranger shalt thou not oppress; for ye know the heart of a stranger, seeing ye were strangers in the land of Egypt.

י וְשֵׁשׁ שַׁנִים, תָּזָרַע אֱת-אַרְצֵךּ ; וְאַסְפָתַּ, אֱת-תִּבוּאַתַה.

יא וְהַשְּׁבִיעִת תִּשְׁמְטֶנָּה וּנְטֵשְׁתָּהּ, וְאָכְלוּ אֶבְיֹנֵי עַמֶּדְ, וְיִתְרָם, תּאכַל חַיַּת הַשְּׁדֶה ; כֵּן-תַּעֲשֶׂה לְכַרְמְדָּ, לְזֵיתֶדְּ. **10** And six years thou shalt sow thy land, and gather in the increase thereof;

11 but the seventh year thou shalt let it rest and lie fallow, that the poor of thy people may eat; and what they leave the beast of the field shall eat. In like manner thou shalt deal with thy vineyard, and with thy oliveyard.

יב שֵׁשֶׁת יָמִים תַּנְשֶׂה מַנְשֶׂידּ, וּבַיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי תִּשְׁבֹּת--לִמַעַן יָנוּחַ, שׁוֹרָדְ וַחַמֹרֵדְ, וִיָּנָפֵשׁ בֵּן-אֵמָתִדְּ, וִהַגֵּר. 12 Six days thou shalt do thy work, but on the seventh day thou shalt rest; that thine ox and thine ass may have rest, and the son of thy handmaid, and the stranger, may be refreshed.

יג וּבְכל אֲשֶׁר-אָמֵרְתִּי אֲלֵיכֶם, תּשָּׁמֵרוּ ; <mark>וְשֵׁם אֱלֹהִים אֲחֵרִים לֹא תַזְּכִּירוּ</mark>, לֹא יִשָּׁמֵע עַל-פִּידְּ. 13 And in all things that I have said unto you take ye heed; and make no mention of the name of other gods, neither let it be heard out of thy mouth.

יד שָׁלשׁ רְגָלִים, תָּחג לִי בַּשְּׁנָה.

**14** Three times thou shalt keep a feast unto Me in the year.

טו <mark>אֶת-חֵג הַמַּצוֹת, תִּשְׁמֹר-</mark> -שִּׁבְעַת יָמִים תּאכַל מַצוֹת כַּאֲשֶׁר צִוִּיתִּדְּ <mark>לְמוֹעֵד חֹדֶשׁ הָאָבִיב,</mark> כִּי-בוֹ יָצָאתָ מִמִּצְרָים ; וְלֹא-יֵרָאוּ פָנַי, רֵיקָם.

15 The feast of unleavened bread shalt thou keep; seven days thou shalt eat unleavened bread, as I commanded thee, at the time appointed in the month Abib--for in it thou camest out from Egypt; and none shall appear before Me empty;

**טז וְחֵג הַקּצִיר** בִּכּוּרֵי מַעֲשֶׂידָּ, אֲשֶׁר תִּזְרַע בַּשָּׂדֶה; **וְחַג הָאָסִף** בְּצֵאת הַשָּׁנָה, בּאִסְפַּדָּ אָת-מעשִׁידָּ מוּ-השַּׁדָה.

16 and the feast of harvest, the first-fruits of thy labours, which thou sowest in the field; and the feast of ingathering, at the end of the year, when thou gatherest in thy labours out of the field.

**יז** שָׁלשׁ פְּעָמִים, בַּשָּׁנָה--יֵרָאֶה, כָּל-זְכוּרְדּ, אֶל-פְּנֵי, הָאָדֹן יְהנָה.

**17** Three times in the year all thy males shall appear before the Lord GOD.

יח <mark>לא-תּזְבַּח עַל-חָמֵץ, דַּם-זִּבְחִי</mark>; וְלֹא-יָלִין חֵלֶב-חַגִּי, עַד-בַּקֵר. **18** Thou shalt not offer the blood of My sacrifice with leavened bread; neither shall the fat of My feast remain all night until the morning.

**יט** רֵאשִׁית, בִּכּוּרֵי אַדְמָתְדּ, תָּבִיא, בֵּית יְהוָה אֱלהֶידּ; לא-תְבַשֵּׁל גְּדִי, בַּחֲלֵב אִמּוֹ. {פ}

19 The choicest first-fruits of thy land thou shalt bring into the house of the LORD thy God. Thou shalt not seethe a kid in its mother's milk.

Note how "chag ha'Matzot" is incorporated as part of the three agricultural season holidays, based on 'Echoes of the Exodus"

IV. The Laws of Sefer Devarim- part of Matan Torah

The "shalosh regalim" are now detailed-

# And COMBINE both themes Devarim chapter 16

א <mark>שְׁמוֹר, אֶת-חדֶשׁ הָאָבִיב, וְעָשִׂיתָ פֶּסַח</mark>, לַיהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךּ: כִּי בְּחדֶשׁ הָאָבִיב, הוֹצִיאֲדְּ יִהוָה אֵלהֵידְ מִמְּצְרַיִם--לָיִלָה.

1 Observe the month of Abib, and keep the passover unto the LORD thy God; for in the month of Abib the LORD thy God brought thee forth out of Egypt by night.

ב וְזָבַחְתָּ פֶּסֵח לַיהוָה אֱלֹהֶידְּ, צֹאן וּבָקָר, בַּמְּקוֹם אֲשֶׁר-יִבְחַר יְהוָה, לְשַׁכֵּן שְׁמוֹ שָׁם. 2 And thou shalt sacrifice the passover-offering unto the LORD thy God, of the flock and the herd, in the place which the LORD shall choose to cause His name to dwell there.

ג לא-תאכל עָלְיו חָמֵץ,
שִׁבְעַת יָמִים תּאכַל-עָלָיו מַצּוֹת לֶחֶם ענִי:
כִּי בְחַפְּזוֹן, יָצָאתָ מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרַיִם-לְמַעַן תִּזְכַּר אֶת-יום צֵאתְדְּ מֵאֶרֶץ
מצרים, כֹּל ימי חייד.

3 Thou shalt eat no leavened bread with it; seven days shalt thou eat unleavened bread therewith, even the bread of affliction; for in haste didst thou come forth out of the land of Egypt; that thou mayest remember the day when thou camest forth out of the land of Egypt all the days of thy life.

**ד וְלֹא־יֵרָאֶה לְדְּ שְׂאר בְּכָל־גְּבֵלְדְּ, שִׁבְעַת יָמִים** ; וְלֹא-יָלִין מִן-הַבָּשָׁר, אֲשֶׁר תִּזְבַּח <mark>בָּעֶרֶב בַּיּוֹם הָרְאשׁוֹן</mark>--לַבּקֶר. **4** And there shall be no leaven seen with thee in all they borders seven days; neither shall any of the flesh, which thou sacrificest the first day at even, remain all night until the morning.

**ה** לא תוּכַל, לִזְבֹּחַ אֶת-הַפָּסַח, בְּאַחַד שְׁעָרֶידְּ, אֲשֶׁר-יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶידְ נֹתֵן לֶדְּ. 5 Thou mayest not sacrifice the passoveroffering within any of thy gates, which the LORD thy God giveth thee;

ו כִּי אִם-אֶל-הַמָּקוֹם אֲשֶׁר-יִבְחַר יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךּ, לְשַׁכֵּן שְׁמוֹ--שָׁם תִּוְבַּח אֶת-הַפֶּסַח, בָּעָרֶב: כְּבוֹא הַשָּׁמֶשׁ, מוֹעֵד צֵאתָדְּ מִמְצְרֵיִם.

6 but at the place which the LORD thy God shall choose to cause His name to dwell in, there thou shalt sacrifice the passover-offering at even, at the going down of the sun, at the season that thou camest forth out of Egypt.

ז וּבִשַּׁלְתָּ, וְאָכַלְתָּ, בַּמָּקוֹם, אֲשֶׁר יִבְחַר יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךּ בּוֹ; וּפָנִיתָ בַבּקֶר, וְהָלַכְתָּ לְאֹהָלֶיךּ.

**7** And thou shalt roast and eat it in the place which the LORD thy God shall choose; and thou shalt turn in the morning, and go unto thy tents.

<mark>ת שֵׁשֶׁת יָמִים, תּאֹכַל מֵצוֹת</mark>; וּבִיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי, עֲצֶרֶת לַיהוָה אֱלֹהֶידְּ--לֹא תַעֲשֶׁה, מְלָאכָה. {ס} 8 Six days thou shalt eat unleavened bread; and on the seventh day shall be a solemn assembly to the LORD thy God; thou shalt do no work therein. {S}

**ט** שִּבְעָה שָבֵעת, תִּסְפָּר-לָדְּ : מֵהָחֵל חֶרְמֵשׁ, בַּקָמָה, תָּחֵל לִסְפַּר, שִּבְעָה שָׁבֵעות.

**9** Seven weeks shalt thou number unto thee; from the time the sickle is first put to the standing corn shalt thou begin to number seven weeks.

לְעְשִׂיתָ חַג שָׁבֻעוֹת, לַיהוָה אֱלֹהֶידְ--מִּסֵּת נִדְבַת יָדְדְ, אֲשֶׁר תִּתֵּן: כַּאֲשֶׁר יְבָרֶכְדְּ, יְהוָה אֵלֹהֵידְ. 10 And thou shalt keep the feast of weeks unto the LORD thy God after the measure of the freewill-offering of thy hand, which thou shalt give, according as the LORD thy God blesseth thee. יא וְשְּׁמַחְתָּ לִפְנֵי יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךּ, אַתָּה וּבִנְדְּ וּבִתֶּדְ וְעַבְדְּדְּ וַאֲמָתֶדְּ, וְהַלֵּוִי אֲשֶׁר בִּשְׁעֶרִידְּ, וְהַגֵּ<mark>ר וְהַיָּתוֹם וְהָאַלְמָנָה אֲשֶׁר בְּקַרְבֶּדְ</mark>--בַּמָּקוֹם, אֲשֶׁר יִבְחַר יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶידְּ, לְשַׁכֵּן שְׁמוֹ, שָׁם. 11 And thou shalt rejoice before the LORD thy God, thou, and thy son, and thy daughter, and thy man-servant, and thy maid-servant, and the Levite that is within thy gates, and the stranger, and the fatherless, and the widow, that are in the midst of thee, in the place which the LORD thy God shall choose to cause His name to dwell there.

יב <mark>וְזָכַרְתָּ, כִּי-עֶבֶד הָיִיתָ בְּמִצְרָיִם; וְשְׁמֵרְתָּ</mark> וְעָשִיתָ, אֶת-הַחֻקִּים הָאֵלֶה. {פּ **12** And thou shalt remember that thou wast a bondman in Egypt; and thou shalt observe and do these statutes.

V. Remembering WHAT happened, or WHY it happened!

The Biblical reason to tell the story /Shmot 13:8

B. How to understand "בעבור זה" -What do we explain to our children Why did Hashem take me out?; or Why am I eating matza? רש"י שמות פרק יג פסוק ח

(ח) בעבור זה - בעבור שאקיים מצותיו, כגון פסח מצה ומרור הללו:

Rashi: God took me out SO THAT I would keep His Commandments...

אבן עזרא שמות (הפירוש הארוך) (ח) בעבור זה אמר רבי מרינוס, פי' בעבור זה, היה ראוי להיותו הפוך: -זה בעבור שעשה ה' לי.

- והביא רבים כמוהו לדעתו.

ולפי דעתי, אין אחד מהם נכון,

כי איך נהפוך דברי אלהים חיים. וטעם הפסוק הפך מחשבתו,

כי אין אנו אוכלים מצות בעבור זה,

רק פי' בעבור זה, בעבור זאת העבודה - שהוא אכילת המצה ולא יאכל חמץ שהוא תחלת המצוות שצוה לנו השם—

- עשה לנו השם אותות עד שהוציאנו ממצרים.

וכתוב אשר הוצאתי וכתוב אשר הוצאתי המצרים רק לעבדו,... וכתוב אשר הוצאתי אתכם מארץ מצרים להיות לכם לאלהים (במד' טו, מא):

**Ibn Ezra:** Rebbi Merinas explains – the verse should be read backwards "zeh ba'avur", This [matza that we eat] is **because God did miracles for me**.... But in my opinion... "ba'avur zeh" implies For the sake

of this service – which is eating matza and not eating chametz, which are the first mitzvot that God commanded us – God did these miracles...: The reason – for God only took us out of Egypt in order that we would serve Him...

### Support from Moshe Rabeinu's speech /Devarim 6:20-25

20 When your son should ask you in time to come, saying: 'What is the meaning of the testimonies, statutes, and ordinances which Hashem has commanded you? 21 then you shall say to your son:: 'We were once slaves to Pharaoh in Egypt, & God took us out with a mighty hand. 22 And Hashem showed signs and great wonders upon Egypt, upon Pharaoh, and upon all his house, before our eyes. 23 And He brought us out from there, IN ORDER **THAT** He might bring us in, to give us the Land which He swore unto our fathers. 24 And Hashem commanded us to do all these statutes, to fear the LORD our God, for our good always, that He might preserve us alive, as it is at this day. 25 And it shall be righteousness...

כ פִּי-יִשְׁאַלְּדְּ בִּנְדְּ מָחָר, לֵאמֹר: מָה הָעֵדֹת,
וְהַחֲקִים וְהַמִּשְׁפָּטִים, אֲשֶׁר צִּוָּה יְהֹוָה
אֱלֹהֵינוּ, אֶתְכֶּם.
כֹּא וְאָמַרְתָּ לְבִנְדְּ, עֲבְדִים הְיִינוּ לְפַרְעה
בְּמִצְרְיִם; וַיּצִיאֵנוּ יְהוָה מִמִּצְרִים,
בְּמִצְרִים; וַיּצִיאֵנוּ יְהוָה אוֹתֹת וּמֹפְתִים בְּמִצְרִים, בְּפַרְעֹה וּבְכָל-בִּיתוֹבְּמִצְרִים וְרָעִים בְּמִצְרַיִם, בְּפַרְעֹה וּבְכָל-בִּיתוֹבְּמֵעֵן הָבִיא אֹתָנוּ, לָתֶת לָנוּ אֶת-הָאָרֶץ,
אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּע לַאֲבֹתֵינוּ. כֹד וַיְצַוֵנוּ יְהוָה
אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּע לַאֲבֹתֵינוּ. כֹד וַיְצַוֵנוּ יְהוָה
לַעְשׁוֹת אֶת-בָּל-הַחָּקִים הָאֵלֶה, לְיִרְאָה,
לְתַלְתֵנוּ בְּהַיּוֹם הַאֶּה. כֹה וּצְדָּהָה, תִּהְיָהִים,
לְחַלְתֵנוּ בְּהַיוֹם הַאֶּה. כֹה וּצְדָקָה, תִּהְיָהִים,
יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵינוּ--לְּטוֹב לָנוּ בָּל-הַמִּצְוָה הַזֹּאֹת, לִפְנֵי

Brit Bein ha'Btarim The Covenant of the Parts / Breishit 15
The need for 'slavery & redemption' to become God's Nation
[A 'collective memory' that will affect our national behavior]

ז וַיּאמֶר, אֵלָיו: אֲנִי יְהוָה, אֲשֶׁר הוֹצֵאתִיךּ מֵאוּר כַּשְׂדִּים--לָתֶת לְךּ אֶת-הָאָרֶץ הַזּאת, **לְרִשְׁתָּה**. חֹ וַיּאמֵר: אֲדֹנָי יְהוָה, בַּ**מְּהֹ אֵדַע** כִּי אִירָשֶׁנָּה. ט וַיּאמֶר אֵלָיו, קְחָה לִי עֶגְלָה מְשֻׁכֶּשֶׁת...

יג וַיּאמֶר לְאַבְרָם, יָדֹעַ תִּדַע כִּי-גֵּר יִהְיֶה זַּרְעֲדְ בְּאֶרֶץ לֹא לָהֶם, וַעֲבְדוּם, וְעִנּוּ אֹתָם--אַרְבַּע מֵאוֹת, שָׁנָה. יד וְגַם אֶת-הַגּוֹי אֲשֶׁר יַעֲבֹדוּ, דָּן אָנֹכִי ; וְאַחֲרִי-כֵן יֵצְאוּ, בִּרְבָשׁ גָּדוֹל. טו וְאַתָּה תָּבוֹא אֶל-אֲבֹתֶיךְ, בְּשָׁלוֹם: תִּקְבֵר, בְּשִׁיבָה טוֹבָה. טז וְדוֹר רְבִיעִי, יָשׁוֹבוּ הֵנָּה: כִּי לֹא-שָׁלֵם עֲוֹן הָאֱמֹרִי, עַד-הֵנָּה.

יח בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא, **כָּרַת יְהוָה אֶת-אַבְרָם--בְּרִית** לֵאמר: לְזַרְעֲךּ, נָתַתִּי אֶת-הָאָרֶץ הַזֹּאת, מִנְּהַר מִצְרַיִם, עַד-הַנָּהָר הַנָּדל נְהַר-פְּרָת

VI. Redemption, and the need for PREPARATION: God's commandment in Shmot 6:2-9 [Va'era]

ב וַיְדַבֵּר אֱלֹהִים אֶל-משֶׁה וַיּאׁמֶר אֵלָיו: אֲנָי הֹ :ג וְאֵרָא אֶל-אַבְרָהָם ..ה וְגַם אֲנִי שָׁמַעְתִּי אֶת-נַאֲקַת בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל אֲשֶׁר מִצְרַיִם מַעֲבִדִים אֹתָם **וָאָזִכּר אֶת-בִּרִיתִי :**ו לָכֵן אֱמֹר לִבְנֵי-יִשְׂרָאֵל : **אֵנִי ה**'

• וְהִצֵּאתִי אֶתְכֶם מִתַּחַת סִבְלֹת מִצְרַיִם . /וְהָצַּלְתִּי אֶתְכֶם מֵעֲבֹדְתָם

- : וָגָאַלֹתִּי אֶתְכֶם בִּזְרוֹעַ נָטוּיָה וּבִשְׁפָטִים גִּדֹלִים •
- וְלָקַחְתִּי אֶתְכֶם לִי לְעָם וְהָיִיתִי לָכֶם לֵאלֹהִים וְידַעְתֶּם כִּי אֲנִי ...
- וְהֵבֵאתִי אֶתְכֶם אֶל-הָאָרֶץ... וְנָתַתִּי אֹתָהּ לָכֶם מוֹרָשָׁה **אֲנִי ה'**: ט וַיְדַבֵּר משֶׁה כֵּן אֶל-בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל

# : <mark>וְלֹא שָׁמְעוּ אֵל-משֶׁה</mark> מִקּצֵר רוּחַ וּמֶעֲבֹדָה קָשָׁה

### VII. What was so bad about Egyptian culture- Vayikra 18

א וַיְדַבֵּר ה', אֶל-מֹשֶׁה לֵּאמֹר .בּ דַּבֵּר אֶל-בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל, וְאָמַרְתָּ אֲלֵהֶם: אֲנִי, ה' אֱלֹהֵיכֶם .ג **בְּמַעֲשֵׂה אֶרֶץ-מִצְרֵיִם** אֲשֶׁר יְשַׁבְתֶּם-בְּהּ, לֹא תַעֲשׂוּ; וּכְמַעֲשֵׂה אֶרֶץ-כְּנַעַן אֲשֶׁר אֲנִי מֵבִיא אֶתִכֶם שָׁמָּה, לֹא תַעֲשׂוּ...

Followed by the "arayot" - forbidden relationship [incest...] In 18:6-23, then summarized:

כדאַל-תּטַמְאוּ, בָּכָל-אֱלֶה: כִּי בִכָל-אֱלֶה נִטְמְאוּ הַגּוֹיִם, אֲשֶׁר-אֲנִי מְשַׁלֵּחַ מִפְּנֵיכֶם

## The parallel source from Yechezkel chapter 20

א וַיְהִי בַּשָּׁנָה הַשְּׁבִיעִית, בַּחֲמִשִּׁי בֶּעְשׂוֹר לַחדֶשׁ, בָּאוּ אֲנָשִׁים מִזּקְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל, לִדְרֹשׁ אֶת-יִהנָה ; וַיֵּשִׁבוּ, לִפָּנָי. {ס}

1 And it came to pass in the seventh year, in the fifth month, the tenth day of the month, that certain of the elders of Israel came to inquire of the LORD, and sat before me. {S}

- ב וַיִּהִי דְבַר-יִהוָה, אֱלֵי לֵאמר.
- **2** And the word of the LORD came unto me, saying:
- ג בֶּן-אָדָם, דַּבֵּר אֶת-זִקְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאָמַרְתָּ אֲלֵהֶם כֹּה אָמַר אֲדֹנִי יְהוֹה, הֲלִדְרשׁ אֹתִי, אַתֶּם בָּאִים: חַי-אָנִי אִם-אִדְּרֵשׁ לָכֶם, נְאֶם אֵדנִי יִהוָה.
- 3 'Son of man, speak unto the elders of Israel, and say unto them: Thus saith the Lord GOD: Are ye come to inquire of Me? As I live, saith the Lord GOD, I will not be inquired of by you.
- י הַתִּשְׁפּט אֹתָם, הַתִּשְׁפּוֹט בֶּן-אָדָם: אָ**ת-תּוֹעֵבֹת אֲבוֹתָם, הוֹדִיעֵם**.
- 4 Wilt thou judge them, son of man, wilt thou judge them? cause them to know the abominations of their fathers;

הֹ וְאָמַרְתָּ אֲלֵיהֶם, כּה-אָמַר אֲדֹנִי יְהוָה, בְּיוֹם בָּחֲרִי בְיִשְּׁרָאֵל, **וָאֶשָּׂא יִדִי לְזֶרַע בִּית יַעְקֹב וָאִיִּדַע לָהֶם בְּאֶרֶץ מִצְרִים**; וָאֶשָּׁא יָדִי לָהֶם לֵאמר, אֲנִי יִהוָה אֱלֹהֵיכֵם.

**5** and say unto them: Thus saith the Lord GOD: In the day when I chose Israel, and lifted up My hand unto the seed of the house of Jacob, and made Myself known unto them in the land of Egypt, when I lifted up My hand unto them, saying: I am the LORD your God;

וּ בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא, נָשָּׁאתִי יָדִי לָהֶם, לְהוֹצִיאָם, מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם: אֶל-אֶרֶץ אֲשֶׁר-תַּרְתִּי לָהֶם, זָבַת חָלָב וּדְבַשׁ--צְבִי הִיא, לְכָל-הָאֲרָצוֹת.

6 in that day I lifted up My hand unto them, to bring them forth out of the land of Egypt into a land that I had sought out for them, flowing with milk and honey, which is the beauty of all lands;

ז נָאמַר אֲלֵהֶם, אִישׁ שִׁקּוּצֵי עֵינָיו הַשְׁלִיכוּ, וּבְגִלּוּלֵי מִצְרַיִם, אַל-תִּשַּמְאוּ: אֲנִי, יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם.

7 and I said unto them: Cast ye away every man the detestable things of his eyes, and defile not yourselves with the idols of Egypt; I am the LORD your God.

**ח <u>ויַמְרוּ-בִּי, וְלֹא אָבוּ לִשְׁמֹעַ אֵלֵי--אִישׁ אֶתּ-</u> שִׁקּוּצֵי עֵינֵיהֶם לֹא הִשְׁלִיכוּ, וְאֶת-גִּלּוּלֵי <mark>מִצְרַיִם לֹא עָזָבוּ;</mark> וָאֹמֵר לִשְׁפֵּךְ חֲמָתִי עֲלֵיהֶם, לְכַלּוֹת אַפִּי בָּהֶם, בְּתוֹךְ, אֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם.** 

8 But they rebelled against Me, and would not hearken unto Me; they did not every man cast away the detestable things of their eyes, neither did they forsake the idols of Egypt; then I said I would pour out My fury upon them, to spend My anger upon them in the midst of the land of Egypt.

ש וָאַעשׂ לְמַעַן שְׁמִי, לְבִלְתִּי הֵחֵל לְעֵינֵי הַגּוֹיִם אֲשֶׁר-הֵמָּה בְתוֹכָם--אֲשֶׁר נוֹדַעְתִּי אֲלֵיהֶם לְעֵינֵיהֶם, לְהוֹצִיאָם מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם.

**9** But I wrought for My name's sake, that it should not be profaned in the sight of the nations, among whom they were, in whose sight I made Myself known unto them, so as to bring them forth out of the land of Egypt.

י וְאוֹצִיאֵם, מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם ; וְאֲבִאֵם, אֶל-הַמִּדָבַּר.

**10** So I caused them to go forth out of the land of Egypt, and brought them into the wilderness.

Note how the laws of chametz are parallel to the laws of 'idol worship'. Recall Zecharya's demand that Redemption become a 'two-way' street!

### VIII. Zecharya chapters 7

**ַח** וַיְהִי, דְבַר-יְהוָה, אֶל-זְכַרְיָה, לֵאמר.

- **8** And the word of the LORD came unto Zechariah, saying:
- **ט** כּה אָמַר יְהוָה צְבָאוֹת, לֵאמר: מִשְׁפַּט אֶמֶת, שְׁפטוּ, וְחֶסֶד וְרַחֲמִים, עֲשׁוּ אִישׁ אֶת-אחיו.
- **9** 'Thus hath the LORD of hosts spoken, saying: Execute true judgment, and show mercy and compassion every man to his brother;

י וְאַלְמָנָה וְיָתוֹם גֵּר וְעָנִי, אַל-תַּעְשֹׁקוּ; וָרָעַת אִישׁ אָחִיו, אַל-תַּחִשְׁבוּ בִּלְבַבְּכֵם. **10** and oppress not the widow, nor the fatherless, the stranger, nor the poor; and let none of you devise evil against his brother in your heart.

יא וַיְמָאֲנוּ לְהַקְשִׁיב, וַיִּתְּנוּ כָתֵף סֹרָרֶת; וְאָזְנֵיהֶם, הַכבּידוּ משׁמוֹע.

**11** But they refused to attend, and turned a stubborn shoulder, and stopped their ears, that they might not hear.

יב וְלַבָּם שָׁמוּ שָׁמִיר, מִשְּׁמוֹעַ אֶת-הַתּוֹרָה וְאֶת-הַרָּחוֹ, בְּיַד, הַדְּבָרִים אֲשֶׁר שָׁלַח יְהֹוָה צְבָאוֹת בְּרוּחוֹ, בְּיַד, הַנְּבִיאִים הָרְאשׁנִים; וַיְהִי קֶצֶף נְּדוֹל, מֵאֵת יְהוָה צראוֹת

12 Yea, they made their hearts as an adamant stone, lest they should hear the law, and the words which the LORD of hosts had sent by His spirit by the hand of the former prophets; therefore came there great wrath from the LORD of hosts.

יג וַיְהִי כַאֲשֶׁר-קָרָא, וְלֹא שָׁמֵעוּ: כֵּן יִקְרְאוּ וְלֹא אָמֵעוּ: אָשָׁר-קָרָאוּ וְלֹא אָשָׁמֵע, אַמֵּר יָהוָה צָבָאוֹת.

**13** And it came to pass that, as He called, and they would not hear; so they shall call, and I will not hear, said the LORD of hosts;

### Chapter 8

יד פִּי כֹה אָמַר, יְהוָה צְבָאוֹת, כַּאֲשֶׁר זָמַמְתִּי לְהָרַע לָכֶם בְּהַקְצִיף אֲבֹתֵיכֶם אֹתִי, אָמַר יְהוָה צְבַאוֹת; וַלֹא, נַחַמְתִּי. 14 For thus saith the LORD of host: As I purposed to do evil unto you, when your fathers provoked Me, saith the LORD of hosts, and I repented not;

**טו** כֵּן שַּׁבְתִּי זָמַמְתִּי בַּיָּמִים הָאֵלֶּה, לְהֵיטִיב אֶת-יִרוּשַׁלַם וְאֵת-בֵּית יִהוּדָה: אַל-תִּירָאוּ.

**15** so again do I purpose in these days to do good unto Jerusalem and to the house of Judah; fear ye not.

**טז** אֵלֶּה הַדְּבָרִים, אֲשֶׁר תַּעֲשׂוּ: דַּבְּרוּ אֱמֶת, אִישׁ אֶת-רֵעֵהוּ--אֱמֶת וּמִשְׁפַּט שָׁלוֹם, שִׁפְטוּ בִּשַּׁעַרִיכֵם.

**16** These are the things that ye shall do: Speak ye every man the truth with his neighbour; execute the judgment of truth and peace in your gates;

יז ןְאִישׁ אֶת-רָעַת רֵעֵהוּ, אַל-תַּחְשְׁבוּ בִּלְבַבְכֶם,
 וּשְׁבֻעַת שֶׁקֶר, אַל-תֶּאֱהָבוּ: כִּי אֶת-כָּל-אֵבֶּה אֲשֶׁר
 שְׂנֵאתִי, נִאֶם-יִהוָה. {ס}

17 and let none of you devise evil in your hearts against his neighbour; and love no false oath; for all these are things that I hate, saith the LORD.  $\{S\}$ 

י**ת** וַיְהִי דְּבַר-יְהוָה צְבָאוֹת, אֵלַי לֵאמֹר.

**18** And the word of the LORD of hosts came unto me, saying:

יש כּה-אָמֵר יְהוָה צְבָאוֹת, צוֹם הָרְבִיעִי וְצוֹם הַחֲמִישִׁי וְצוֹם הַשְׁבִּיעִי וְצוֹם הַבְּאַמִּר יְהוּדָה לְשָׁשׁוֹן וּלְשִׁמְחָה, הַשְּׁבִיעִי וְצוֹם הָעֲשִׂירִי יִהְיֶה לְבֵית-יְהוּדָה לְשָׁשׁוֹן וּלְשִׁמְחָה, וּלְמֹעֲדִים, טוֹבִים; וְהָאֱמֶת וְהַשָּׁלוֹם, אֱהָבוּ. {פ}

19 'Thus saith the LORD of hosts: The fast of the fourth month, and the fast of the fifth, and the fast of the seventh, and the fast of the tenth, shall be to the house of Judah joy and gladness, and cheerful seasons; therefore love ye truth and peace. {P}

**כֹ**ה אָמֵר, יְהוָה צְבָאוֹת: עֹד אֲשֶׁר יָבֹאוּ עַמִּים, וְיֹשְׁבֵי עָרִים רַבּּוֹת.

**20** Thus saith the LORD of hosts: It shall yet come to pass, that there shall come peoples, and the inhabitants of many cities;

**כֹא** וְהָלְכוּ יוֹשְׁבֵי אַחַת אֶל-אַחַת לֵאמֹר, נֵלְכָה הָלוֹדְ לְחַלּוֹת אֶת-פְּנֵי יְהוָה, וּלְבַקֵּשׁ, אֶת-יְהוָה צְבָאוֹת ; אֵלְכָה, גַּם-אָנִי. 21 and the inhabitants of one city shall go to another, saying: Let us go speedily to entreat the favour of the LORD, and to seek the LORD of hosts; I will go also.

כב וּבָאוּ עַמִּים רַבִּים וְגוֹיִם עֲצוּמִים, לְבַקֵּשׁ אֶת-יָהוָה צָבָאוֹת בִּירוּשָׁלָם, וּלְחַלּוֹת, אֵת-פִּנֵי יִהוָה. **22** Yea, many peoples and mighty nations shall come to seek the LORD of hosts in Jerusalem, and to entreat the favour of the LORD. {**S**}